

likewise Lieutenant Colonels, John Tupper, of the marines, William Dalrymple, of the 2d foot, Thomas Trigge, of the 12th foot, and Peter Craig, of the 56th foot, to be Colonels.

End of the LONDON GAZETTE.

L O N D O N, Jan. 4.

A messenger arrived yesterday at Lord Grantham's office, with dispatches from Mr. Fitzherbert at Paris. Immediately on the receipt of the letters brought in this express, a Cabinet Council was held at the Secretary of State's office, in Cleveland-row; the result of which was, that orders were given to the Admiralty for the immediate embarkation of the troops now lying at Hilsea barracks, near Portsmouth, to the amount of 4000 men, and for the sailing of the fleet with the first fair wind. The above orders were issued from the Admiralty this morning, and General Grey received notice to set off for Portsmouth to take the command of the troops, and the General accordingly left the metropolis this day.

Maj. Gen. Smith is appointed second in command on the expedition with Gen. Dalling.

Last night a Cabinet-Council was held at the Secretary of State's office, in Cleveland-row; at the breaking up of which the great seal was put to dispatches for France.

Thursday a packet arrived from France, by which Channel there is an account of advices being received at Paris from Adm. de Suffren, who arrived at the island of Mauritius the 20th of July with thirteen men of war, all in a disabled condition. As he navigated from the coast of Coromandel to Africa, in the Straights between the island of Ceylon and the Continent, he saw nothing of the English fleet; he触到了 Columbo, where the fleet anchored only 30 hours.

Advice is received from Algiers, by the way of Gibraltar, that several states of Barbary have come to a resolution to send out a large fleet of about armed corsairs, in order to make reprisals of all vessels belonging to the Emperor, the Danes, and the Duke of Tuscany, those powers having stopped and taken some of their vessels.

The knowing ones in the city begin to penetrate into the schemes of the present jesuitical Minister, and are now seriously of opinion, that he is making dupes of them; and, conscious of his short-lived Administration, is certainly making his fortune by the fluctuation of the funds, in consequence of his own reports.

The friends of Lord Shelburne have not spoke with quite so much confidence of a peace, since his Lordship has felt the pulse of the nation respecting Gibraltar, and found that it beats too high as yet to make such a sacrifice; and this disposition having been communicated to the French court, accounts for the postponement of Mr. Strachey's return to Paris.

Extract of a letter from Paris, Dec. 27.

"The negotiators on all sides, are again frustrated in their views of immediate pacification. Spain remains determined not to accede to American independence on the present terms. The English are fairly outwitted, because a stop is effectually put, this year, to any expedition of consequence against our West India settlements; as to their attempt on any part of Terra Firma now, it is equally impossible to effect any thing material. Had their expedition gone forward when they began to negotiate, they might have succeeded both ways; they might have raised higher in their terms; they

might have been in proper seasonable time at the place of action, and succeeded. But in truth there is a reigning vice in all their conduct and mode of acting. A few days will discover how little consequence all their parade appears to the enlightened; those who are in darkness will remain so; 600 additional troops are gone for America. The American negotiators have gained their point so far, their limits are agreed to, which exceed a provisional article. Your Ministers are too cunning a wife; and your negotiators are too dogmatic to be of adequate talents to give you a good treaty."

The seven and eight barrel guns which Lord Blunden took with him when his Lordship went to relieve of Gibraltar, more than answered most sanguine expectations that had been entertained of them, in consequence of which original number of 600 is to be increased to 1000, with all possible expedition. The French Minister at Constantinople has endeavoured to blow up

HIS EXCELLENCY the Lord Lieutenant has been pleased to appoint the following Gentlemen to be High Sheriffs for 1783. Co. Monaghan, Mathew Askettell, Esq. Co. Waterford, John Shee, Esq; of Garavagh, Esq. His Majesty has been pleased to sign commissions for the following Gentlemen to be Officers in the army in this kingdom:— First Master Provincial Regiment of Foot, Arthur Blennerhasset, Esq; Lieutenant Colonel Commandant.—Rowland Bateman, Esq; Lieutenant Colonel.—Edward Herbert, Esq; Major.—Richard Meredith, Esq; Thomas Townsend Mullens, Esq; Richard Crosbie, Esq; to be Captains.—George Morris, Esq; to be Captain-Lieutenant.—Patrick Tracy, Gent. Edward Blennerhasset, Gent. William Rowan, Gent. William Sealy, Gent. Lowther Godfrey, Gent. Rowland Eager, Gent. George Brooke Bateman, Gent. to be Lieutenants.—Richard Raymond, Gent. Henry Sandes, Gent. James Gorham, Gent. Blennerhasset Heaphy, Gent. Agmondesham Cuffe, Gent. William Collis, Gent. Francis Bolton, to be Ensigns.—Peter Lawson, Gent. Adjutant.—John Blennerhasset, Clerk, Chaplain.—Thomas Connell, Gent. Surgeon.

The Public may be assured of this important fact.—That though Government have with peculiar wisdom kept the situation of the Ville de Paris and Glorieux a secrecy, yet Lord Keppel before he left London, wrote letters to the relations of the gentlemen on board those ships, that they were safe in a friendly port, and that measures have been taken for their safe arrival in Britain, which was expected in a few days.

Letters from Falmouth mention, that on the 10th of December the William and Mary were captured in her voyage from Cove to Falmouth, by a French privateer, called the Sphinx of Dunkirk, mounting 14 guns, she had on board her Ensign Royses of the 32d regiment, and several other officers who were ordered to Cornwall on the recruiting service, and some other passengers: they remained on board her nine days, during which time she cruised on the Irish and English coasts, and took four prizes. She also took four other prizes before the William and Mary was taken and on the 20th the passengers were all carried prisoners into Duirkirk, after being robbed by the sailors of all their baggage and money, among which was a large sum belonging to the 32d regiment intended for the recruiting service. After the William and Mary was taken the Sphinx was attacked by an English cutter of 14 guns, but after some shots the cutter lagged astern, by which means the privateer got safe into France. It is much to be lamented that proper attention is not paid by the Admiralty to the guarding our coasts from the swarm of privateers which infest it.

We hear, that Henry Flood, Esq. is preparing a plan of national economy and retrenchment, and that in case the question of reconciliation is finally given up, he will move for a Parliamentary reform of the Irish Court of Admiralty.

The receivers and collectors of public money throughout the Kingdom, have been ordered to make up and balance their accounts to the 1st of January inst. and make returns thereof in fourteen days.

We are happy to hear that at a conference, which his Excellency Earl Temple had with the Lord Mayor some days ago, his Excellency communicated to him the substance of a letter which he had received from Mr. Grenville now in London, stating that Mr. Grenville had paid frequent visits to Sir James Lowther, in order to consult with him on the means of breaking those shameful combinations in the Dublin coal trade, equally injurious to the poor inhabitants of this city on the one hand, and to Sir James Lowther on the other; that in consequence of their consultation, a plan had been agreed upon, and that Sir James Lowther had immediately set off for the country to put it in execution.

DIED. At Kilkenny, Sir John Blunden, Bt. Recorder of that City.—In Dorset-street, Mr. William Robinson, merchant.—At Carrokeel, co. Mayo, Walter Burke, Esq.

Cork, Jan. 9. An Extract of a letter from Youghall, dated Jan. 7:—"On the morning of the 3d instant, the Fortune of London, Capt. Mortimore, was detained

with the Revenge; but perceiving three sail coming on, the enemy thought proper to steer off. She would shew any colour.

Married last Wednesday, Mr. William Bodin, Wm. Campion, master, from S. Lucia, laden with sugar and cotton, for Lisbon, Power, of this City, Cooper, to Miss Dunnwooth, of Cove.

Died. Last Monday, in Cockpit-lane, Mr. Luke Harney, Breeches-maker, one of the Members of the Blyde Volunteers.

L I M E R I C K. C. K.

Pierce Hart of Coalruf, Esq; is appointed High Sheriff of this County.

Last Friday the 4th Regiment arrived here from Cork, whether they had been ordered to see some Deserters punished.

Committed last Saturday to the County Gaol,

by the Rev. John Parker, —Marty Smyth, otherwise

McCarthy, for robbing Martin Guire, of

Ballynequalagh, Farmer, of one pound, ten

shillings and four-pence in cash. She had when

the crime to his House, a Turkey, which she

said the got from her Mother in Ennis, but

which it appears she stole from a Woman in

which Neighbourhood, having strangled & picked

Night the 12th Inst. a Black Middle

Mare, Seven Years Old. Heavy with

a small Star, a little White Spot

white Finsicks on both her hind Feet,

small Switch Tail never Nick'd, —For

Guinea will be given for the Mare, and

Quellions Asked, or Two Guinea for

Mare and Thief on Conviction, by DA

VAUGHAN, at Ballymalony aforesaid.

Jan. 13.

1783.

W

HEREAS on Friday last the

Inst. JOHN HERBERT (late

of Philip Smyth, Esq;) went up

a Token, and took up a New Made Cloak

mine which I left with a Friend; and on

same Night, stole a Pair of Silver Buck

and a Gold Ring, neither of which were

Marked; Maker, George Moore. I

pay Five Guinea Reward for apprehend

the Thief, or one Guinea for the above Articles.

her

ELEANOR X LEONARD

Jan. 13. 1783. Mark.

N B. He is about 5 Feet, 7 Inches high

has a small Cut in his Fore-head, and wears

a mixed grey Coat, red Waistcoat, and Leather Breeches.

MATTHEW O'BRIEN,

Jan. 9. 1783.

RETURNS his Friends and the Public

many Thanks; he assures them, his

whole Time and Study shall be Employed to

merit a Continuance of their Favours, by

forwarding the Health, Morals, and Literary

Improvement of his Pupils. He has

resolved an Usher properly Qualified, being

provided to make his Plan of Education as

extensive and useful as possible. Classics,

English Grammar, Writing, Arithmetic of

all Kinds, and Book keeping shall be duly

attended to; and for the more advanced

Scholars, pure and mixed Mathematics, with

the Use of the Globes, French, Dancing,

and other Accomplishments as usual.

N. B. He will receive a few more Boarders.

Jan. 9. 1783.

To the GENTLEMEN, CLERGY,

and FREEHOLDERS, of the

COUNTY of KERRY.

SOME very Respectable Gentlemen of this

COUNTRY, having by Advertisements and

Personal Applications, already Solicited your

Support of them as your REPRESENTATIVE

at the next GENERAL ELECTION. I think

myself Called upon to Request your Protection,

on that Occasion.

As your REPRESENTATIVE in PARLIAMENT,

I have Supported and Maintained, as

much as in my Power, the Laws, Constitution,

and Independence of this KINGDOM. The

Wish of my Heart, is to secure those Laws,

to strengthen that Constitution, and to establish

that Independence on the Firmest Foundation.

Residing in this COUNTY and living amongst

its ELECTORS, my private Life and Character

is known to you; with the Consciousness of

having always Meant well, and the laudable

Pride of having always Supported the Name

I most Prize in this World.

HONORABLE,

Jan. 6. 1783.

Twelve Stacks of Choice HAY

to be Sold by Mr. BUNBURY, of Mount-

William, and STANDING for CATTLE, until

the first Day of May next;—within Four

Miles of Cullen and Tipperary.

Dec. 26. 1782.

To be LET

From the

Fir

STREET,

1783.